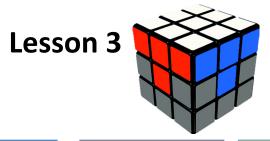


The WHITE Corners



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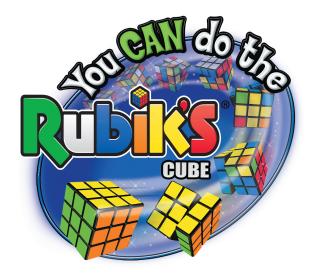
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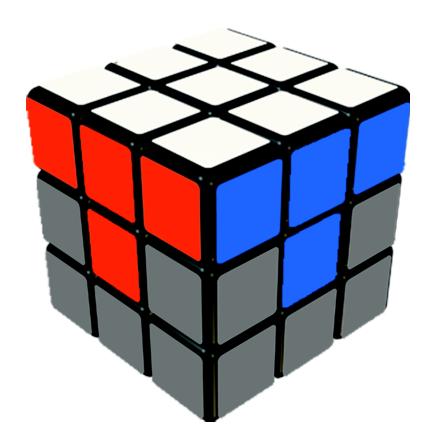






GOAL:The WHITE Corners

The goal of this stage is to get the **WHITE** corners on the **UP** face with the **TOP** layer of each face matching the center piece.



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1/4 Turns

CUBE

- Ri Ui
- B
- Bi
- F D
- Di Fi

- Inverted means opposite.
- By inverting a move, the move can be undone.

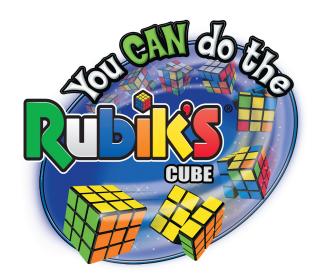
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Layer and Faces

- "Layers" are three-dimensional (Length, width and height).
- The word "face" refers to the flat area of a "layer". Faces are twodimensional (length and width).

LEFT Face of the Cube



Left layer of the Cube

RIGHT Face of the Cube



Right layer of the Cube

FRONT Face of the Cube



Front layer of the Cube

DOWN Face of the Cube



Bottom layer of the Cube

UP Face of the Cube



Top layer of the Cube

BACK Face of the Cube



Back layer of the Cube

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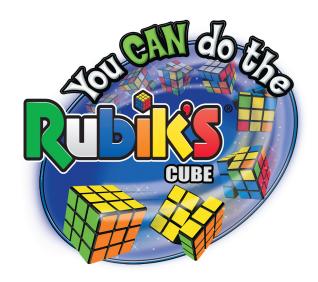
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SCRAMBLED CUBE 25 Random ¼ Turns



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Find a WHITE edge.



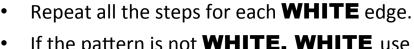
- Twist the row of the cube that has the WHITE
 edge until the WHITE edge is on the BOTTOM layer.
- Twist the **DOWN** face "**D**" ¼ turn.



- Put the layer you moved back to where it was originally.
- Put the **WHITE** edge directly below the matching colored center piece.
- Place on the **RIGHT** face. Make two "R" ¼ turns, so the **WHITE** edge is on the **TOP** layer.



To get the **WHITE** edges matched with the correct faces:



• If the pattern is not **WHITE**, **WHITE** use the sequence to correct the pattern:



Vocabulary

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ALGORITHM

An algorithm is a set of rules or set of steps that we use to solve math problems.









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CUBE







PERMUTATION

A Permutation is a combination of moves or a variation of possible arrangements of moves.

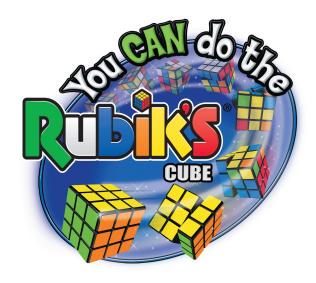
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- Position the WHITE face as the UP face.
- Position the BLUE face as the RIGHT face.
- Position the RED face as the FRONT face.
- Find the WHITE/BLUE/RED corner.



• If the **WHITE/BLUE/RED** corner is on the **TOP** layer, move it to the **BOTTOM** layer.



- Make a ¼ turn until the **WHITE/BLUE/RED** corner piece is on the **BOTTOM** layer.
- Twist the **DOWN** face a "D" ¼ turn.
- After completing the "D" turn, reverse the original ¼ turn to the previous position.
- Once the WHITE/BLUE/RED corner piece is on the BOTTOM layer, twist the DOWN face of the cube until the WHITE/BLUE/RED corner is directly below its intended position, at the bottom, right-hand corner of the cube.
- You may have to perform more than one ¼ turn permutation to get the corner underneath its intended position.
- Your cube should look like one of these pictures:







Lesson Extension

Rubik's Trivia

Lesson 2 Review









To get the **WHITE/BLUE/RED** corner in the correct position:

 With the WHITE/BLUE/RED corner directly below its intended position, with the BLUE face as the RIGHT face, do the following algorithm:



 Repeat the algorithm, keeping the RED face as the FRONT face, (without turning the cube), until the WHITE/BLUE/RED corner is in its correct position on the TOP layer.









- Position the **ORANGE** face as the **RIGHT** face.
- Position the BLUE face as the FRONT face.



- Find the WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE corner.
- If the **WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE** corner is on the **TOP** layer, move it to the **BOTTOM** layer.
 - Make a ¼ turn until the WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE corner piece is on the BOTTOM layer.
 - Twist the **DOWN** face a "**D**" ¼ turn.
 - Reverse the original ¼ turn to the previous position.
- To get the **WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE** corner in the correct position:
- Once the **WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE** corner piece is on the **BOTTOM** layer, twist the **DOWN** face of the cube until the **WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE** corner is directly below its intended position, at the bottom, right-hand corner of the cube.
- You may have to perform more than one ¼ turn permutation to get the corner underneath its intended position.
- Your cube should look like one of these pictures:



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To get the **WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE** corner in the correct position:

 With the WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE corner directly below its intended position, with the ORANGE face as the RIGHT face, do the following algorithm:



 Repeat the algorithm, (without turning the cube), until the WHITE/ORANGE/BLUE corner is in its correct position on the TOP layer.



WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE

corner in the correct position:





- Position the WHITE face as the UP face.
- Position the GREEN face as the RIGHT face.
- Position the **ORANGE** face as the **FRONT** face.
- PP13
- Find the WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE corner.
- If the **WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE** corner is on the **TOP** layer, move it to the **BOTTOM** layer.
 - Make a ¼ turn until the WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE corner piece is on the BOTTOM layer.
 - Twist the **DOWN** face a "**D**" turn.
 - Reverse the original ¼ turn back to the previous position.
- Once the **WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE** corner piece is on the **BOTTOM** layer, twist the **DOWN** face of the cube until the **WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE** corner is directly below its intended position, at the bottom, right-hand corner of the cube.
- You may have to perform more than one ¼ turn permutation to get the corner underneath its intended position.
- Your cube should look like one of these pictures:







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To get the

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To get the **WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE** corner in the correct position:

 With the WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE corner directly below its intended position, with the GREEN face as the RIGHT face, do the following algorithm:



Repeat the algorithm, without turning the cube, until the **WHITE/GREEN/ORANGE** corner is in its correct position on the **TOP** layer.



To get the **WHITE/RED/GREEN** corner in the correct position:







- Position the RED face as the RIGHT face.
- Position the GREEN face as the FRONT face.
- Find the **WHITE/RED/GREEN** corner.
- If the WHITE/RED/GREEN corner is on the TOP layer, move it to the BOTTOM layer.
 - Make a ¼ turn until the WHITE/RED/GREEN corner piece is on the BOTTOM layer.
 - Twist the **DOWN** face a "**D**" ¼ turn.
 - Reverse the original ¼ turn back to the previous position.
- Once the WHITE/RED/GREEN corner piece is on the BOTTOM layer, twist the DOWN face of the cube until the WHITE/RED/GREEN corner is directly below its intended position, at the bottom, right-hand corner of the cube.
- You may have to perform more than one ¼ turn permutation to get the corner underneath its intended position.
- Your cube should look like one of these pictures:







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To get the **WHITE/RED/GREEN** corner in the correct position:

 With the WHITE/RED/GREEN corner directly below its intended position, with the RED face as the RIGHT face, do the following algorithm:

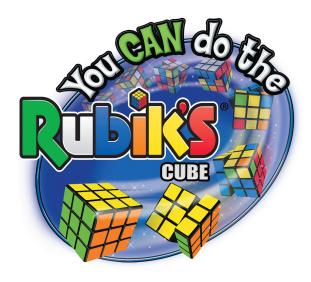


 Repeat the algorithm, without turning the cube, until the WHITE/RED/GREEN corner is in its correct position on the TOP layer.









Troubleshooting

If you accidentally place a **WHITE** corner with the incorrect face, reposition the **WHITE** corner on the **BOTTOM** layer underneath its intended position on the **TOP** layer and use the algorithm:



Make sure the **WHITE** cross remains intact each time you reposition a **WHITE** corner.







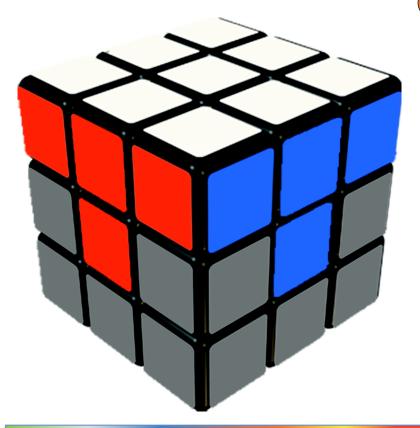






GOAL: The WHITE Corners

The goal of this stage is to get the **WHITE** corners on the **UP** face with the **TOP** layer of each face matching the center piece.



Does your Rubik's Cube look like this?

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Congratulations!

Congratulations!

You have achieved The WHITE Corners

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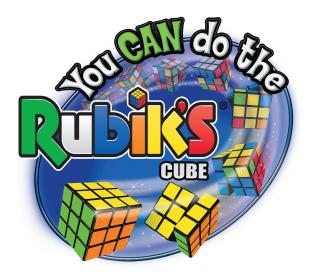
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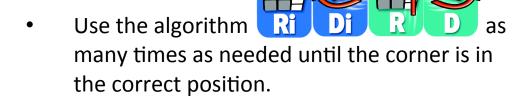








- Position the WHITE face as the UP face.
- Position a WHITE corner on the BOTTOM layer underneath its intended position.



REVIEW

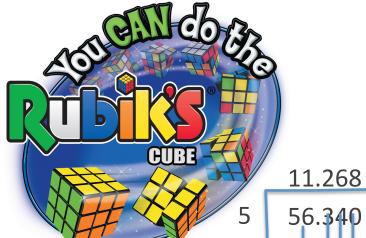
To get the **WHITE** corners matched with the correct faces:

 Repeat the steps for each WHITE corner until all four corners are in the correct positions.



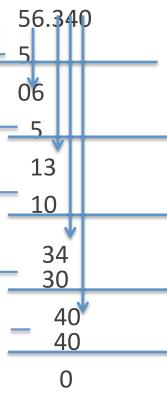






Lesson Extension

How does this lesson apply to math?



Repeating the pattern or algorithm as many times as needed is similar to repeating the steps to solve a long division problem with decimals.

In this long division problem, every number was divided by the divisor (5) and the next number in the dividend (56.34) was brought down to make a new dividend.

When solving for the **WHITE** Corners, every bottom corner starts the same way.

The algorithm Ripping is used to place the corner in the correct place.

With the next corner, the same algorithm is used to place that corner correctly.

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Question: Who produced the most expensive Rubik's Cube? What was it called?

Answer:

The most expensive Rubik's Cube was the Masterpiece Cube, produced by Diamond Cutters International in 1995. The actual size, fully-functional cube features 225 carats of amethyst, 25 carats of rubies, and 24 carats of emeralds, all set in 18-karat gold, and was valued at approximately 1.5 million US dollars.

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